FIG. 1

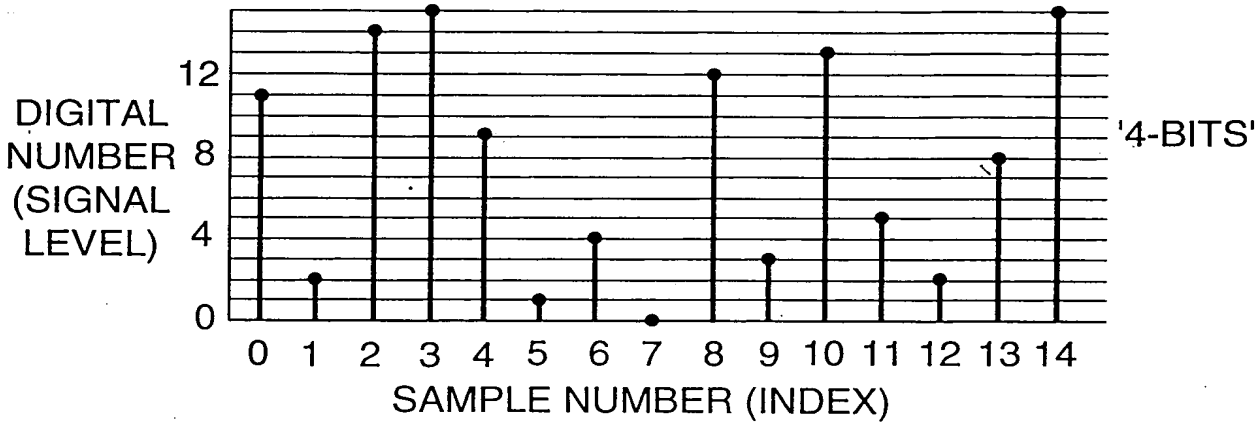


FIG. 4

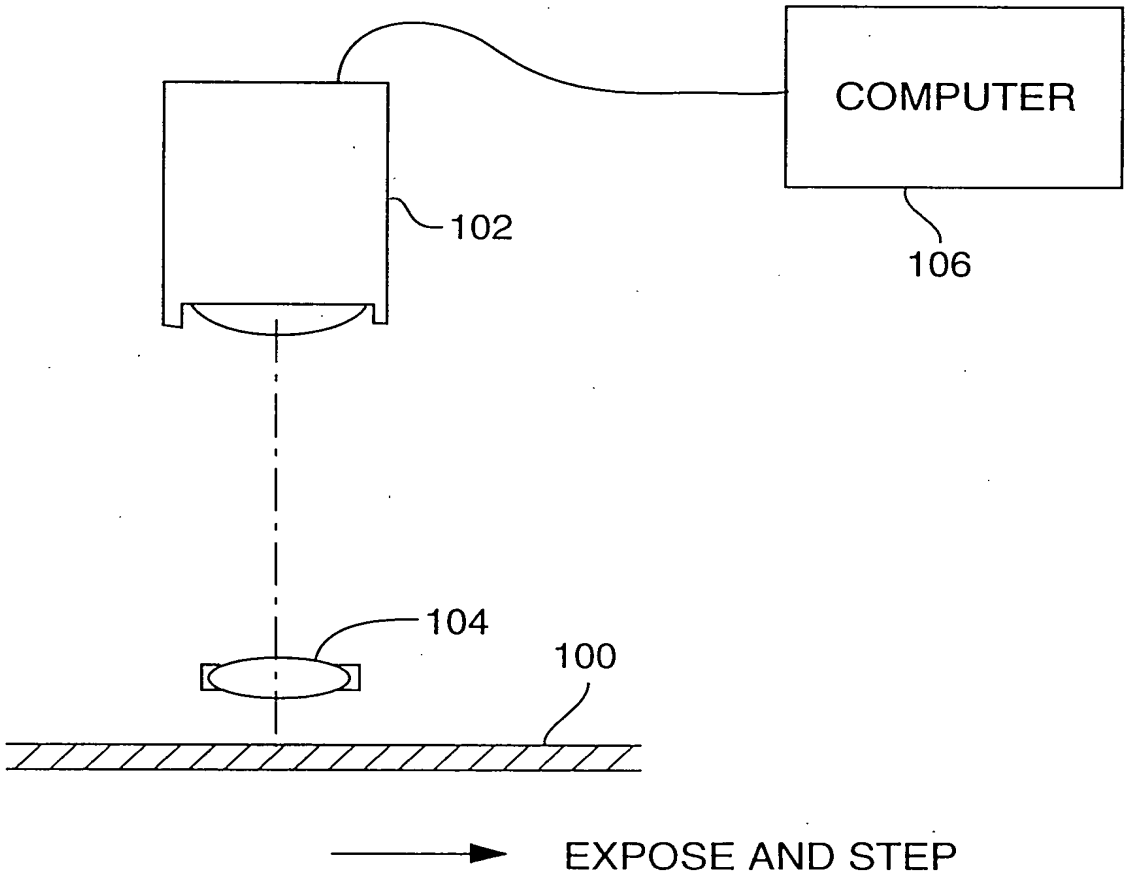


FIG. 2

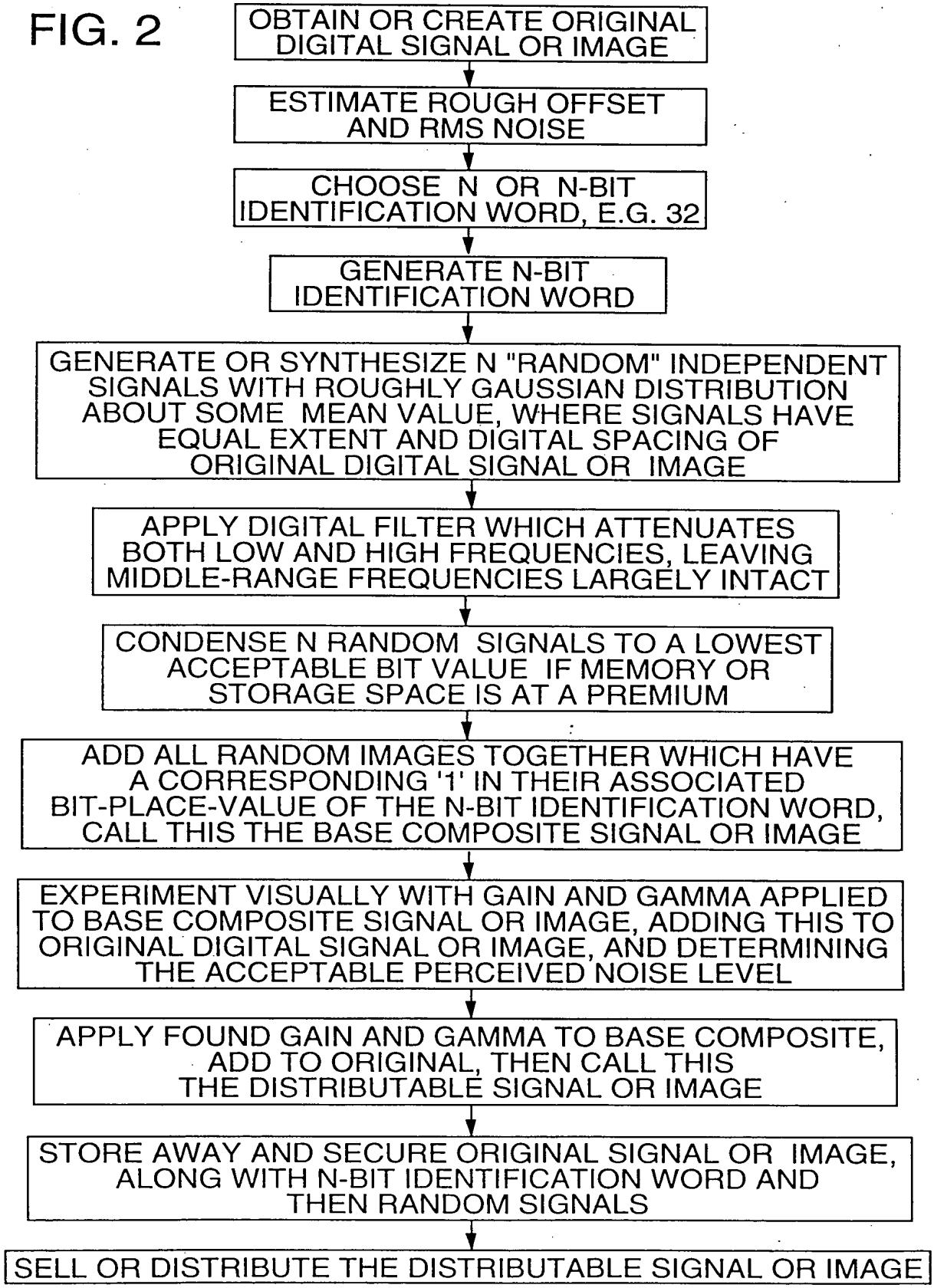


FIG. 3

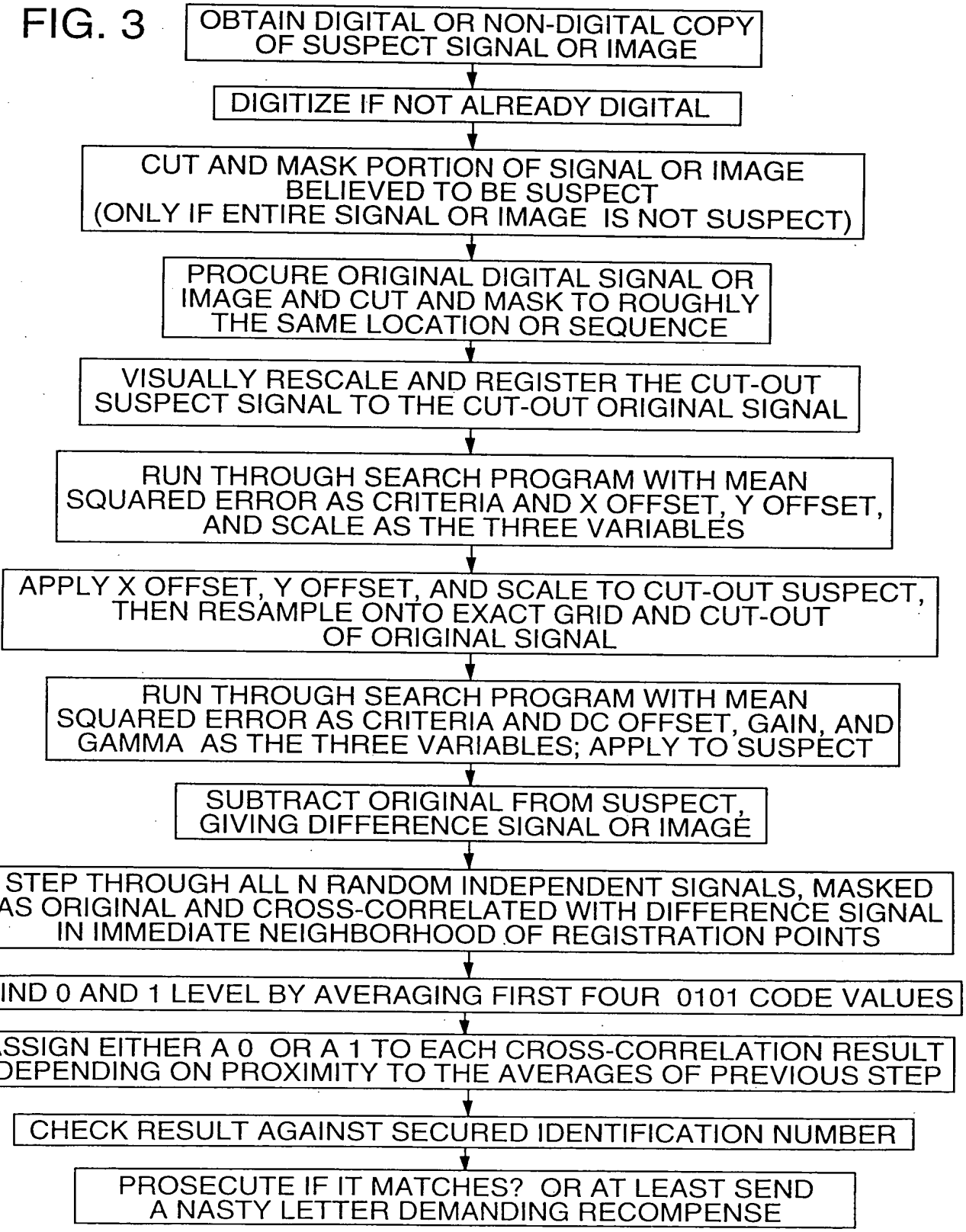


FIG. 5

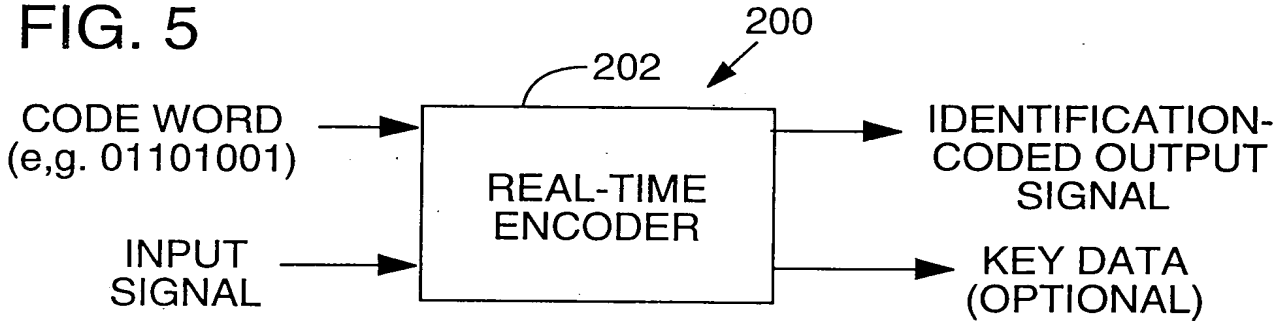
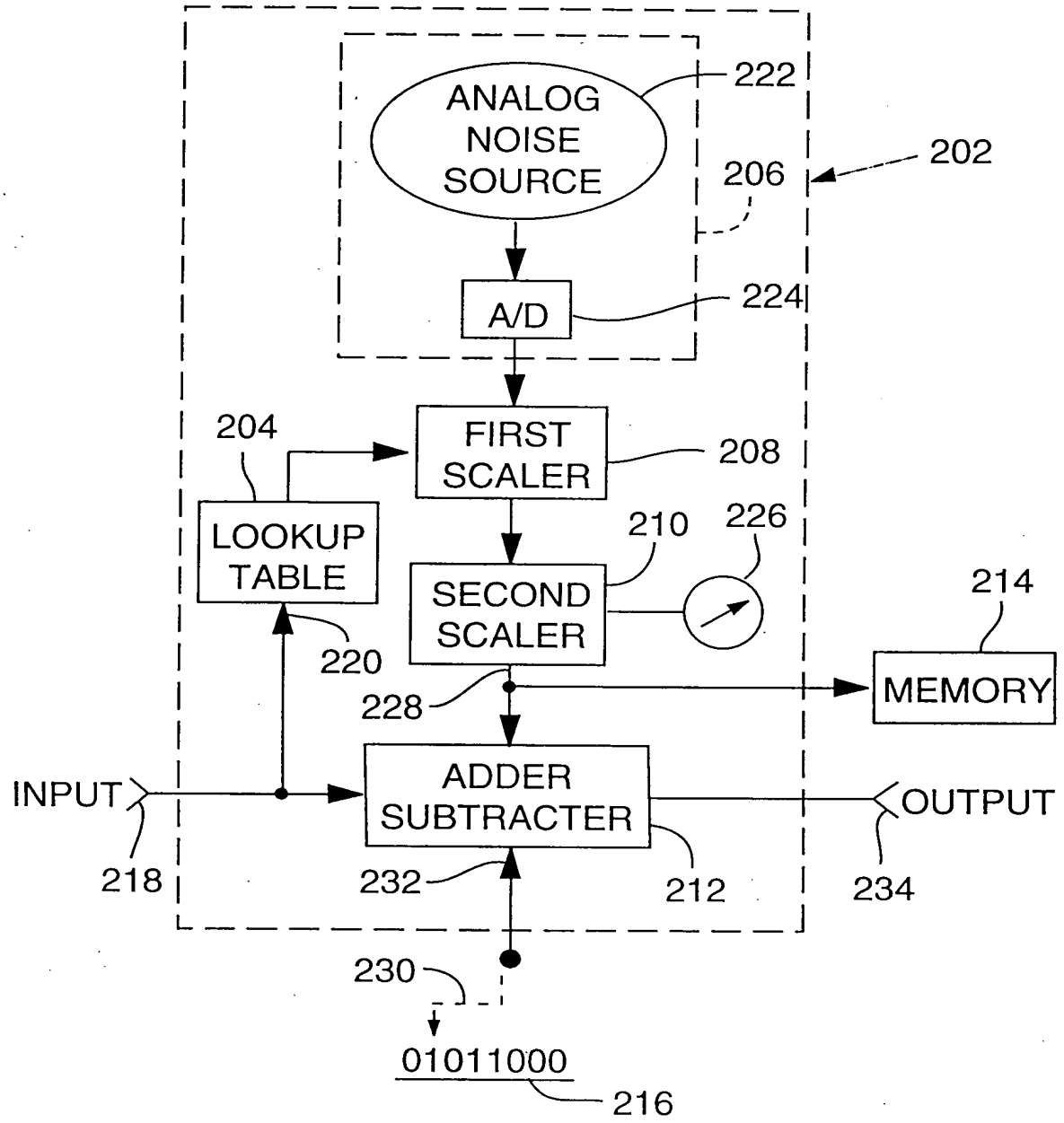


FIG. 6



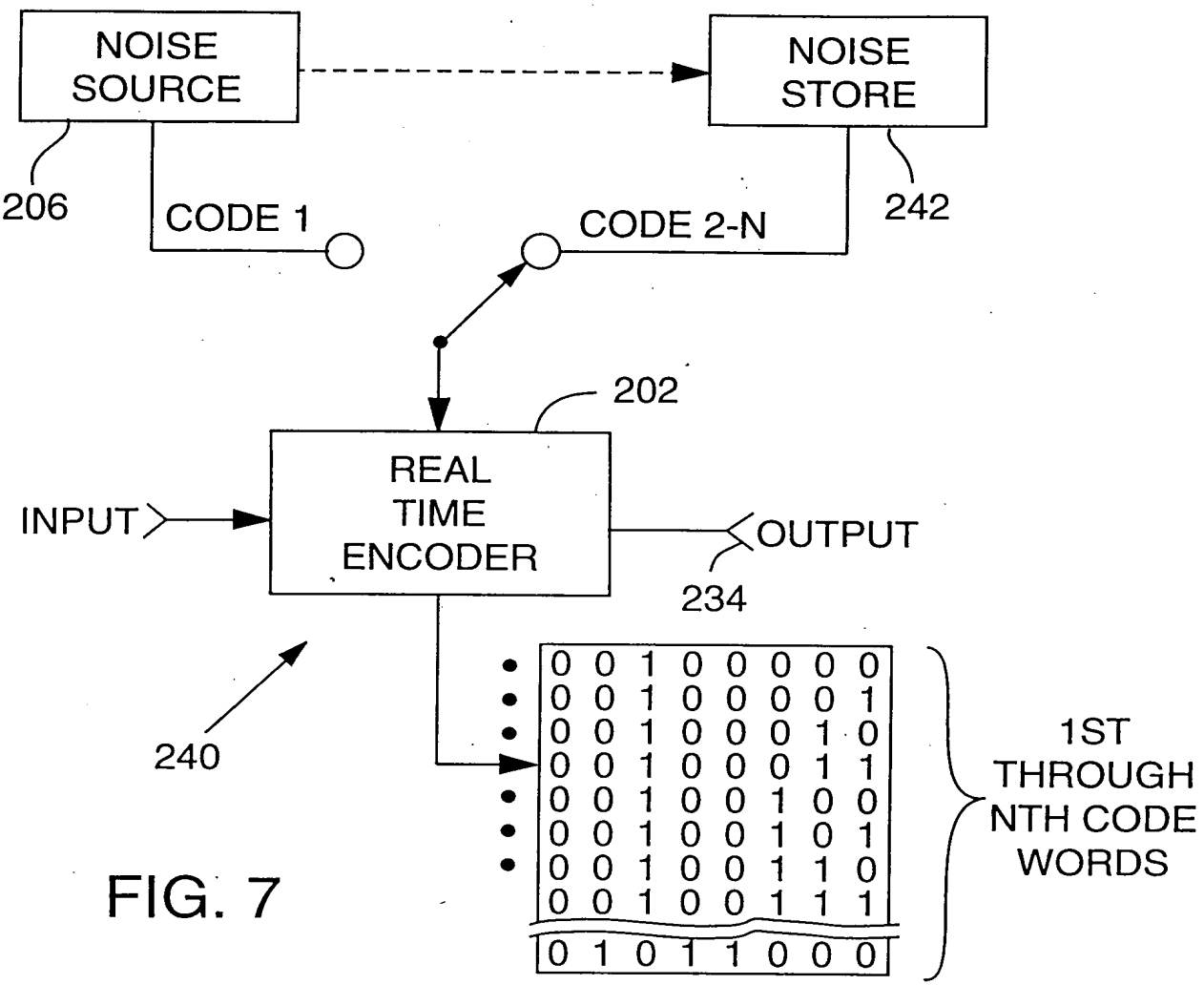


FIG. 7

FIG. 8

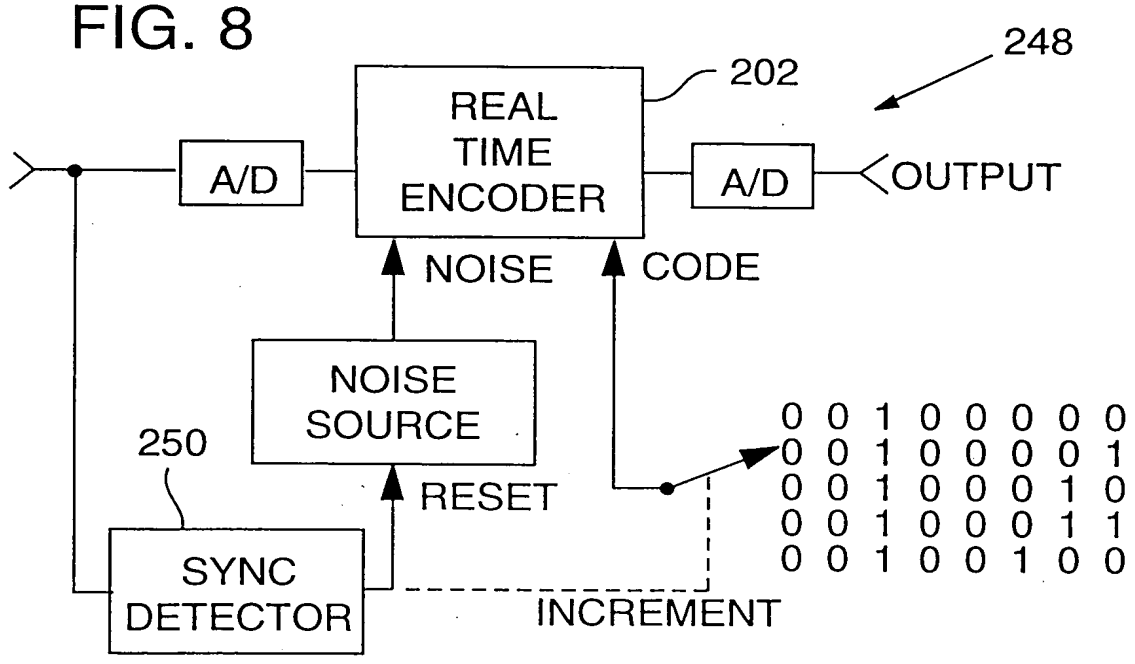


FIG. 9A

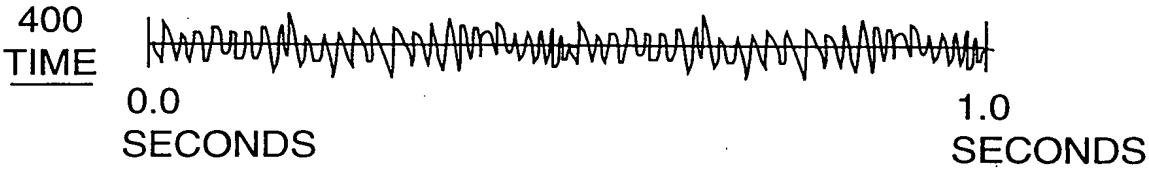


FIG. 9B

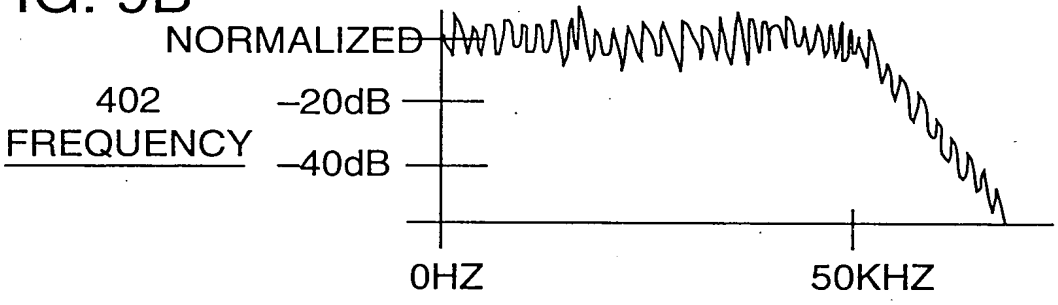


FIG. 9C

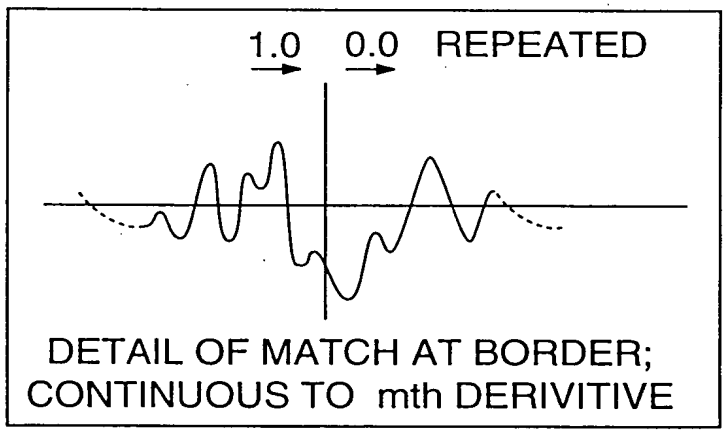


FIG. 10

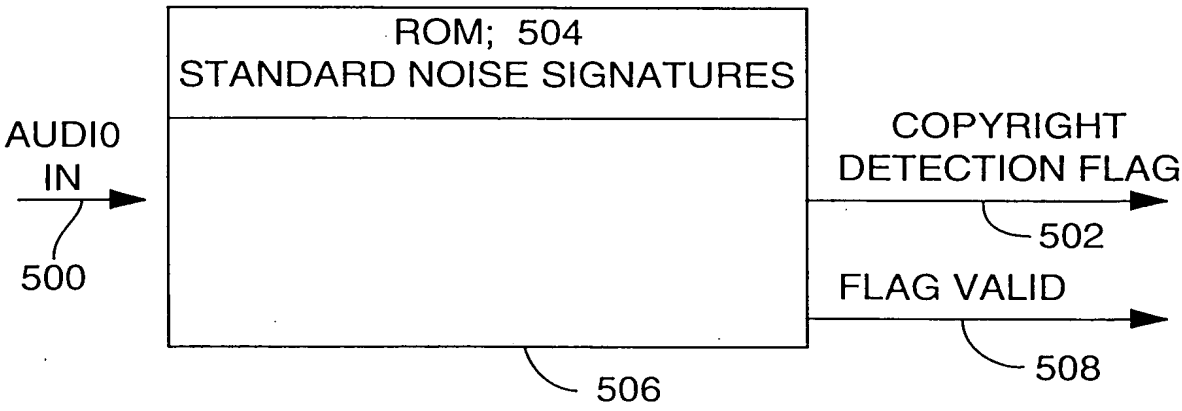


FIG. 11

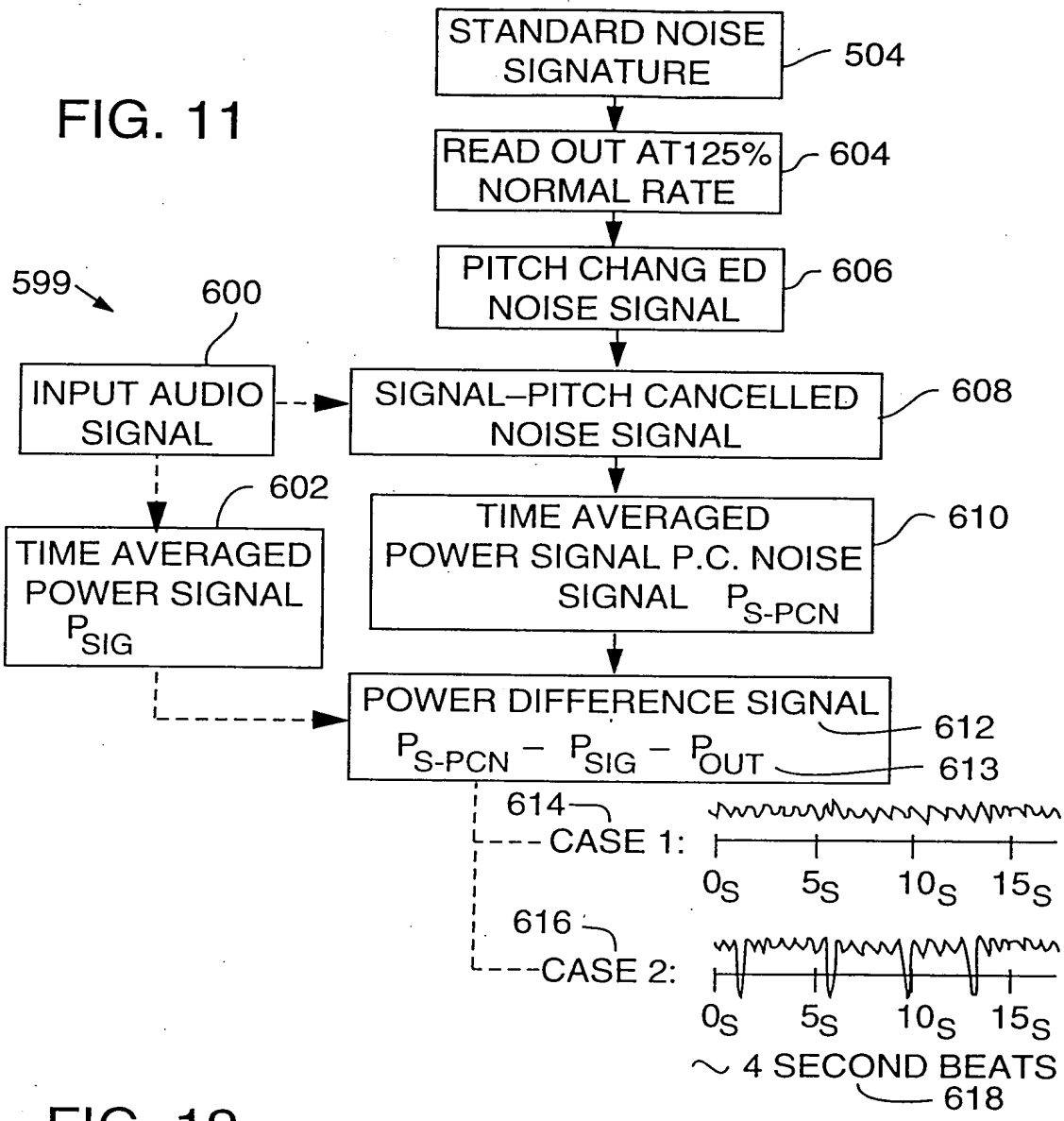


FIG. 12

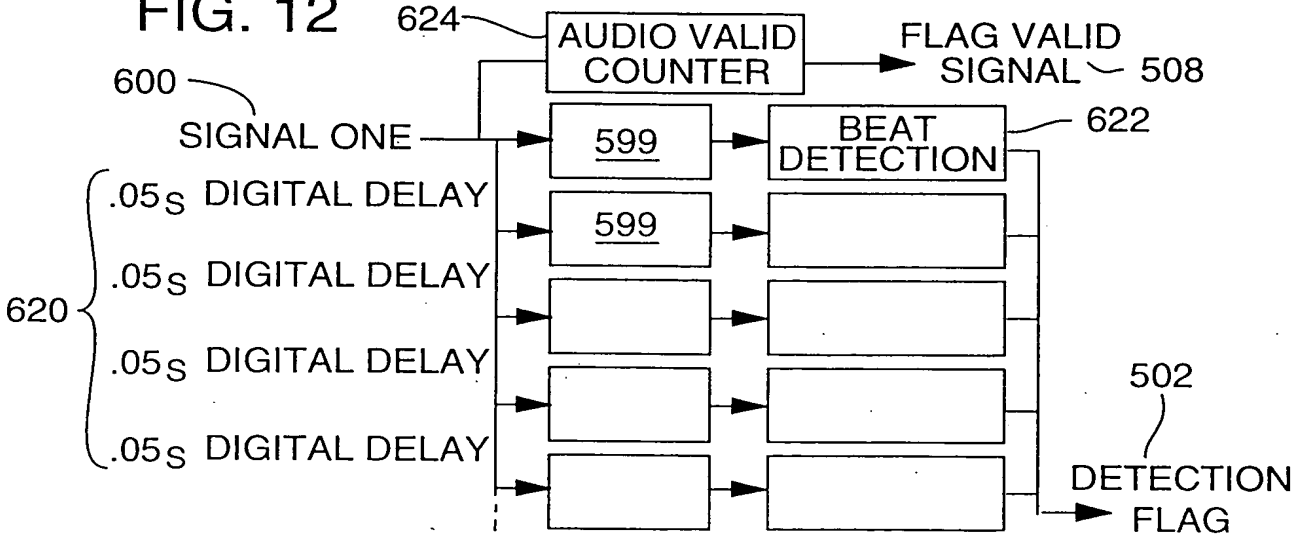
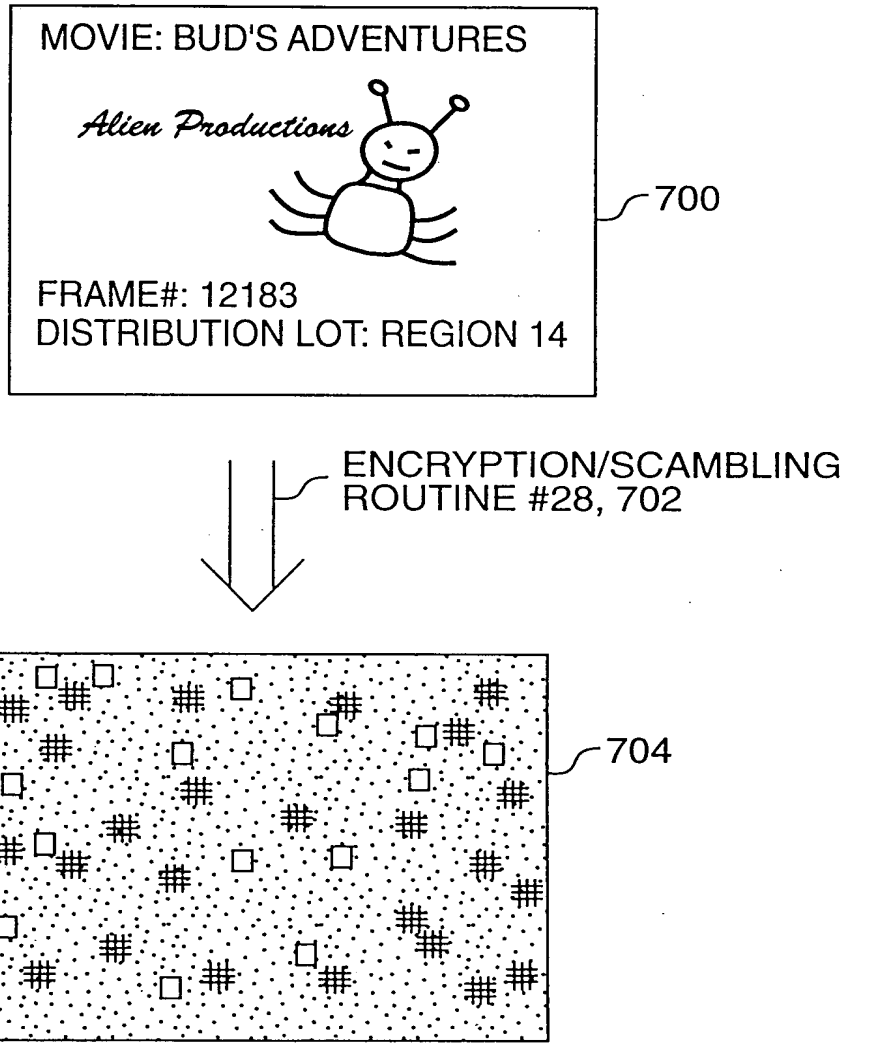
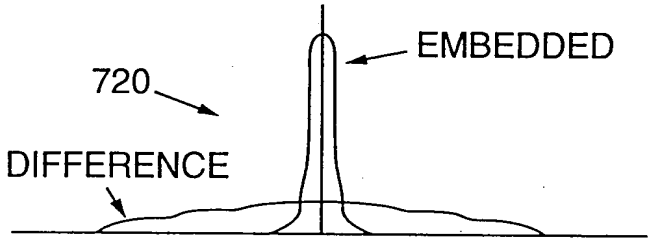


FIG. 13

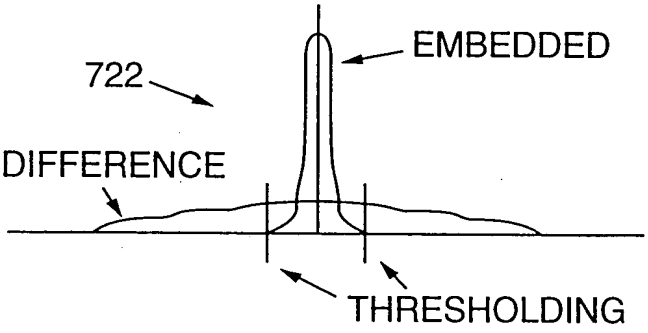


PSEUDO-RANDOM MASTER SNOWY IMAGE
(SCALED DOWN AND ADDED TO FRAME 12183)

FIG. 14



MEAN-REMOVED HISTOGRAMS OF DIFFERENCE SIGNAL AND KNOWN EMBEDDED CODE SIGNAL



MEAN-REMOVED HISTOGRAMS OF FIRST DERIVATIVES (OR SCALER GRADIENTS IN CASE OF AN IMAGE)

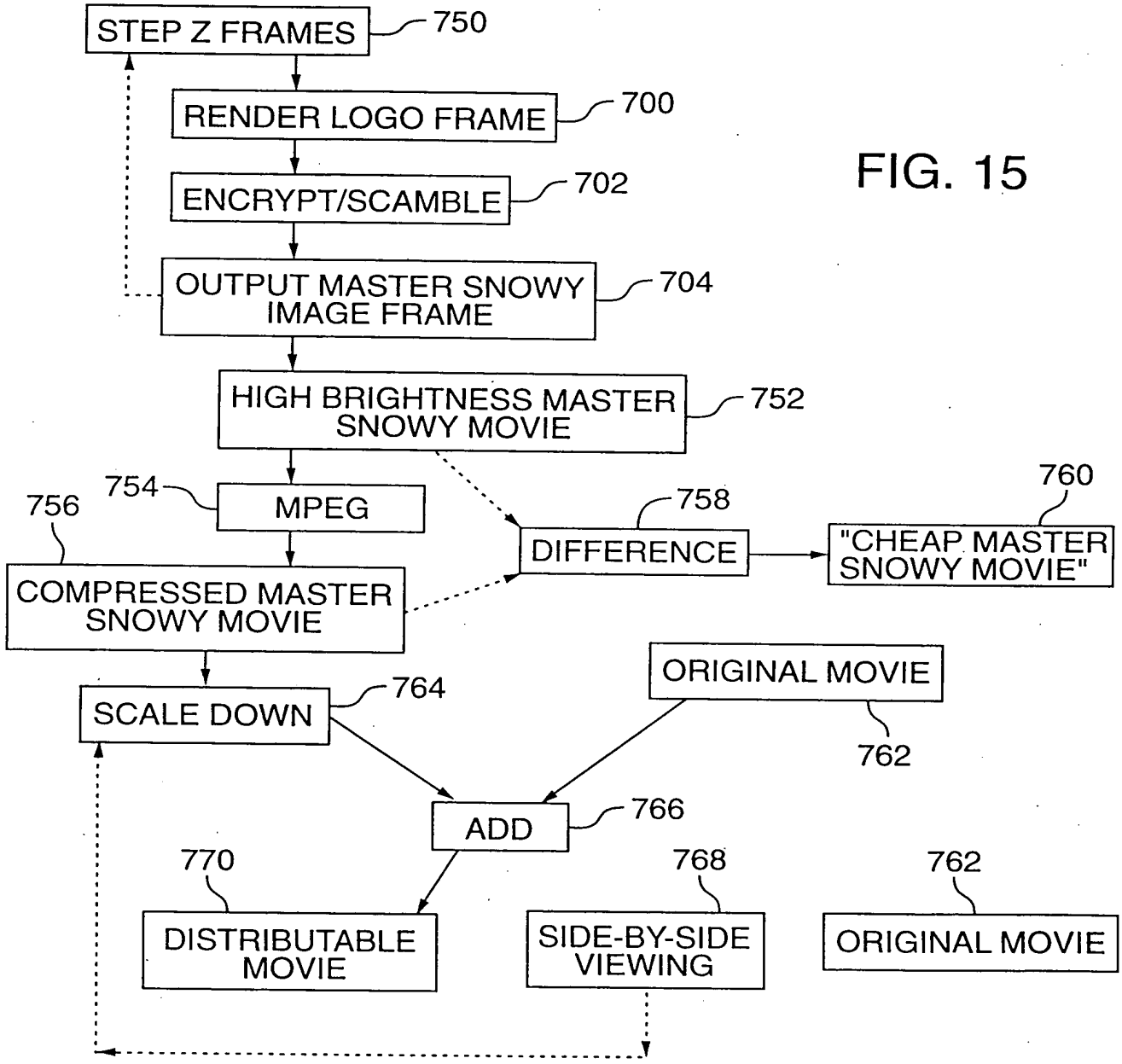
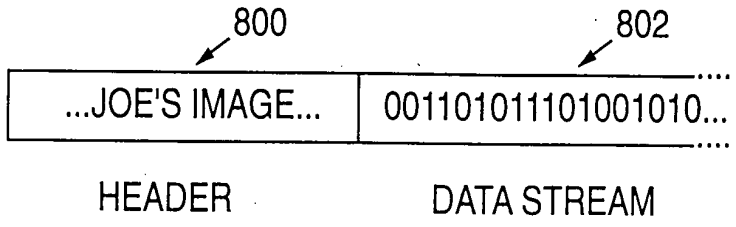


FIG. 15

FIG. 16



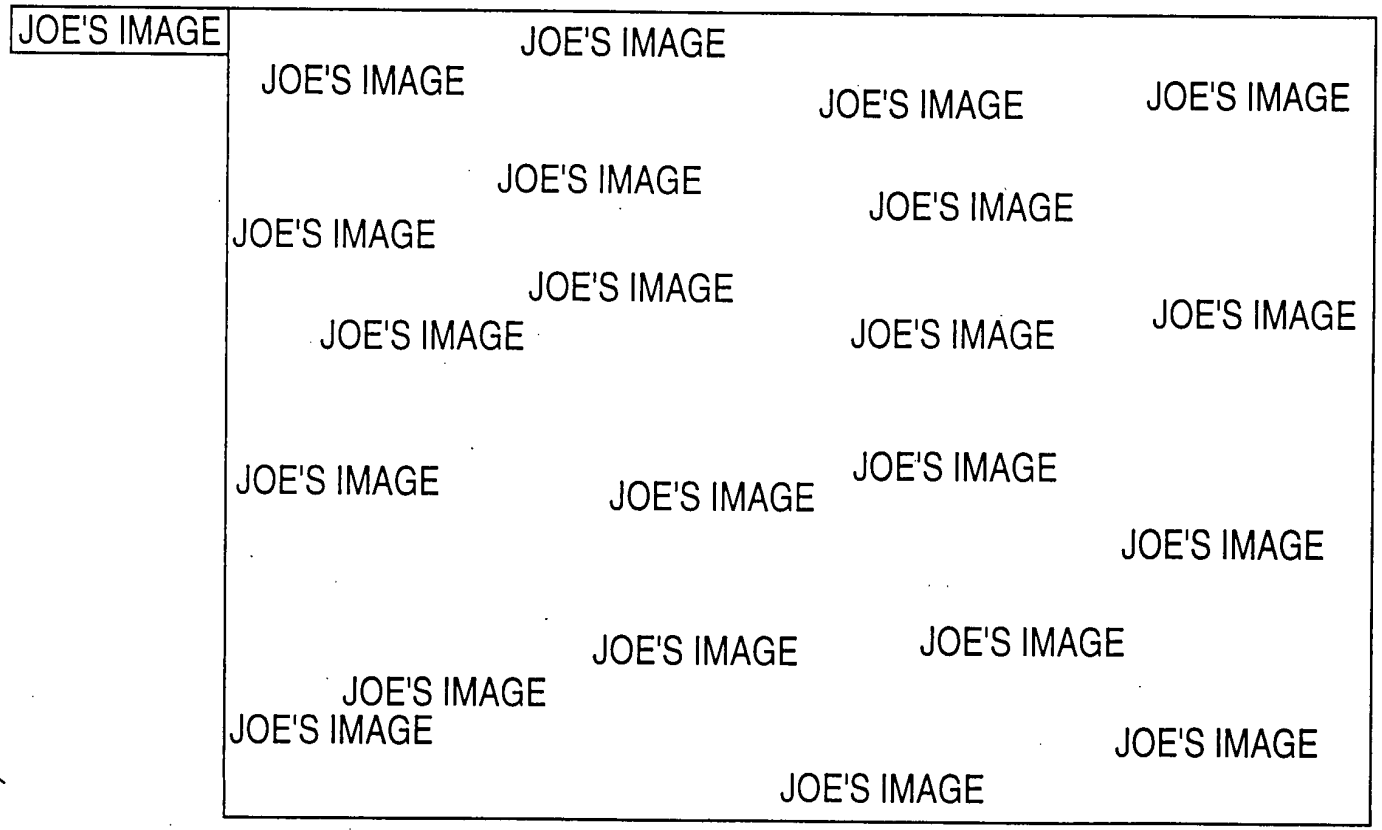
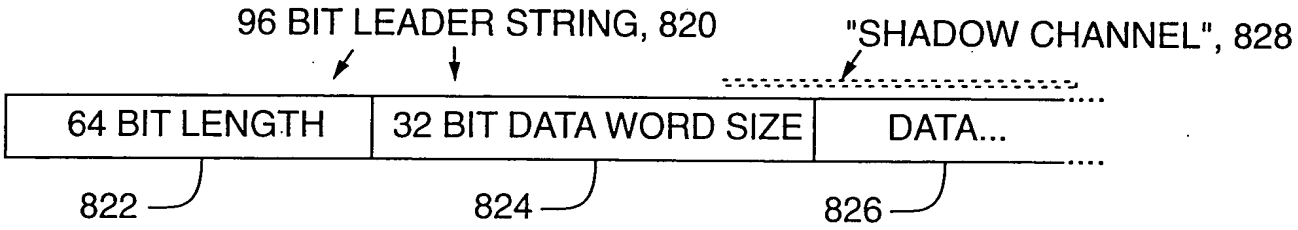


FIG. 17



UNIVERSAL EMPIRICAL DATA FORMAT

FIG. 18

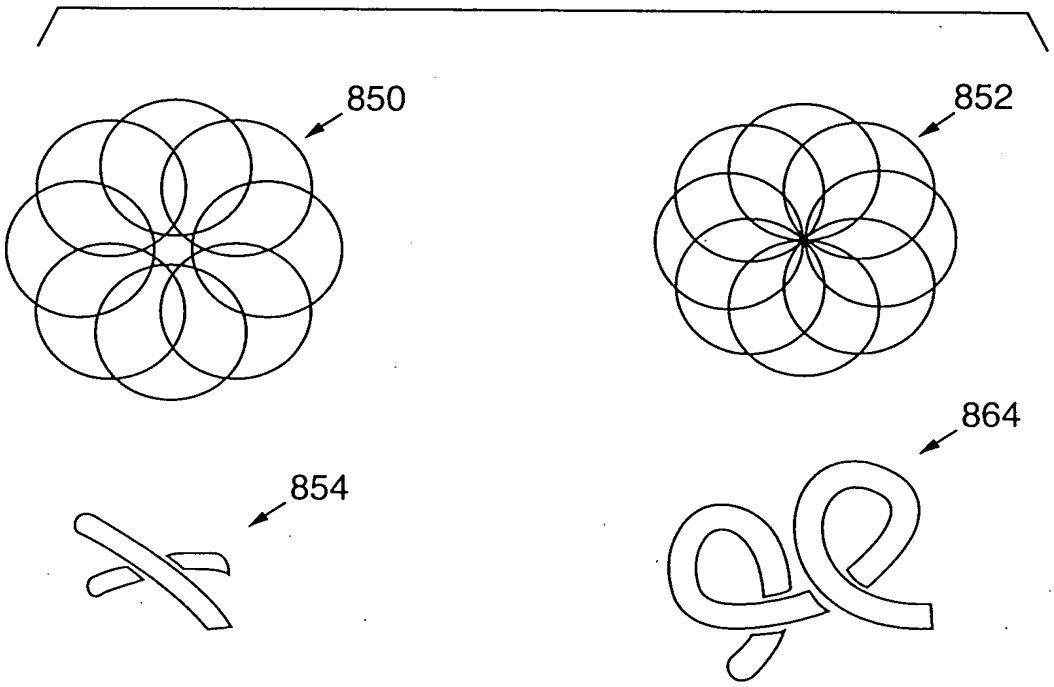
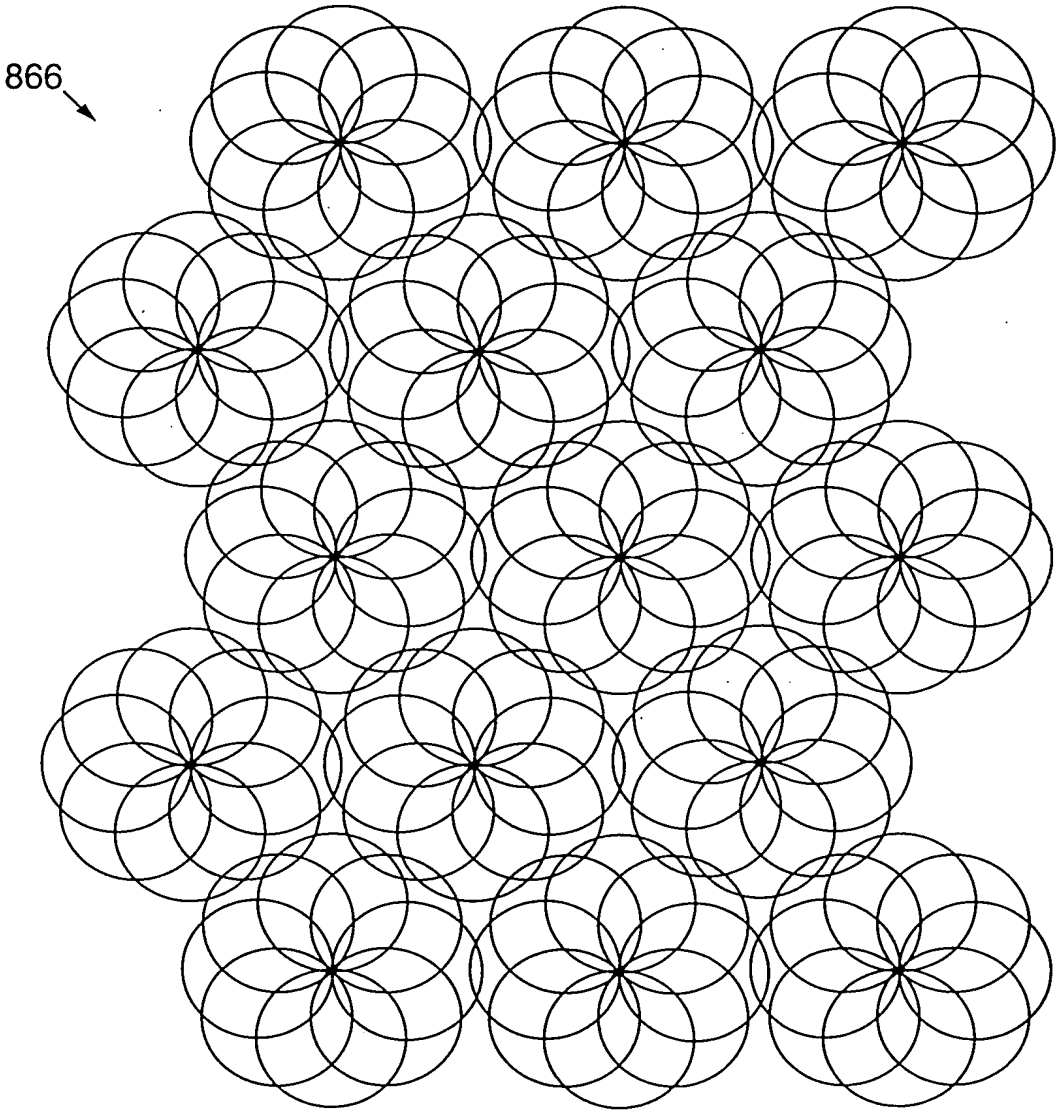


FIG. 19



QUEST FOR MOSAICED KNOT PATTERNS WHICH "COVER" AND ARE COEXTENSIVE WITH ORIGINAL IMAGE;
ALL ELEMENTAL KNOT PATTERNS CAN CONVEY THE SAME INFORMATION, SUCH AS A SIGNATURE, OR EACH CAN CONVEY A NEW MESSAGE IN A STEGANOGRAPHIC SENSE

FIG. 20

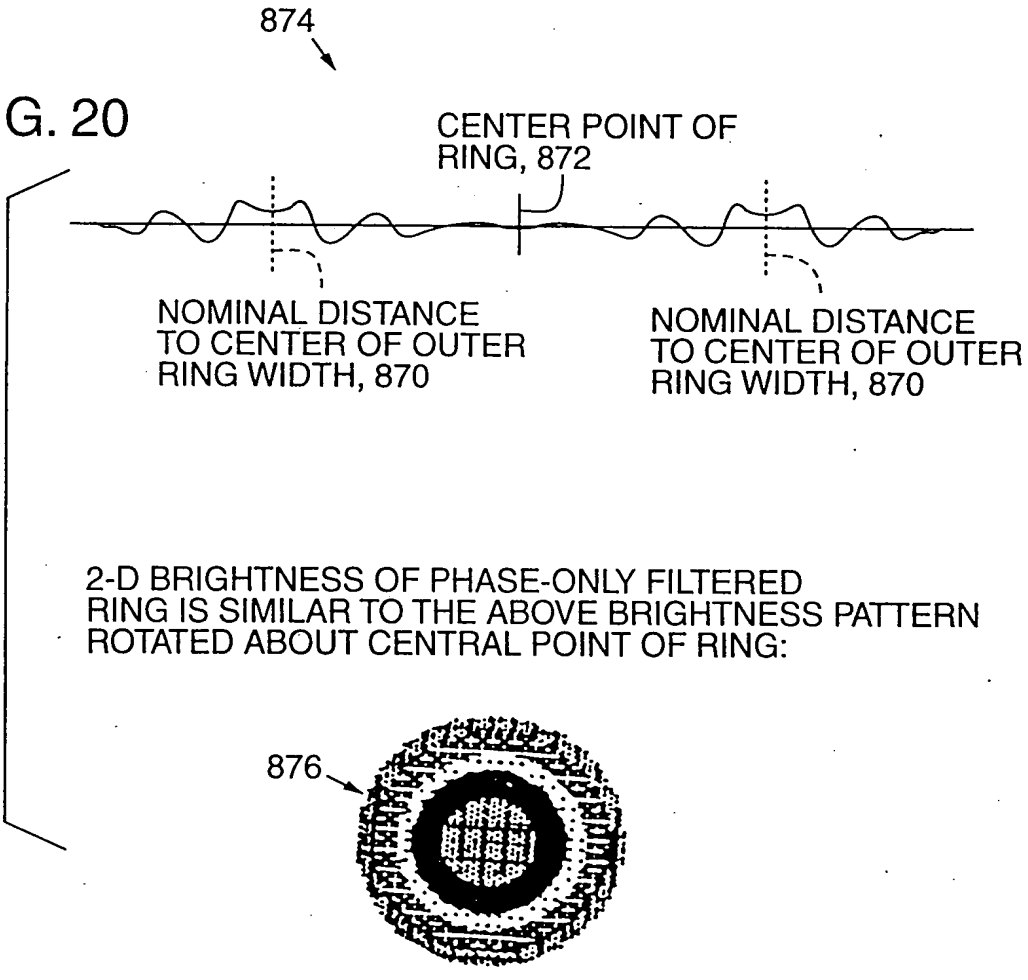


FIG. 21A

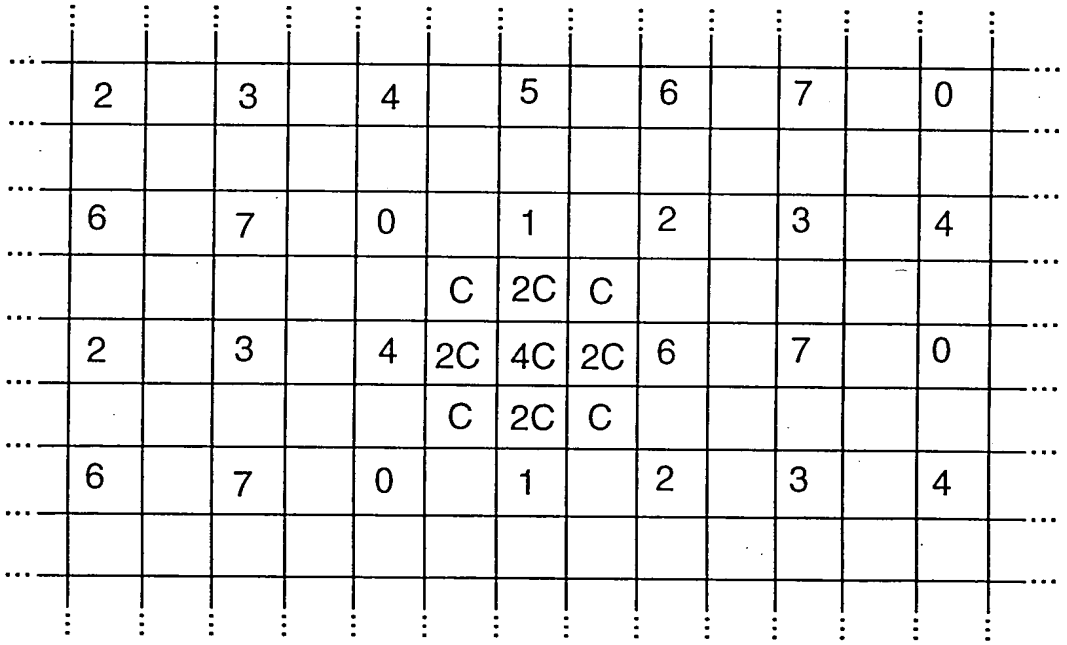
900 →

C	2C	C
2C	4C	2C
C	2C	C

WHERE C = 1/16

ELEMENTARY BUMP
(DEFINED GROUPING OF PIXELS WITH WEIGHT VALUES)

FIG. 21B



EXAMPLE OF HOW MANY ELEMENTARY BUMPS, 900, WOULD BE ASSIGNED LOCATIONS IN AN IMAGE, AND THOSE LOCATIONS WOULD BE ASSOCIATED WITH A CORRESPONDING BIT PLANE IN THE N-BIT WORD, HERE TAKEN AS N=8 WITH INDEXES OF 0-7. ONE LOCATION, ASSOCIATED WITH BIT PLANE "5", HAS THE OVERLAY OF THE BUMP PROFILE DEPICTED.

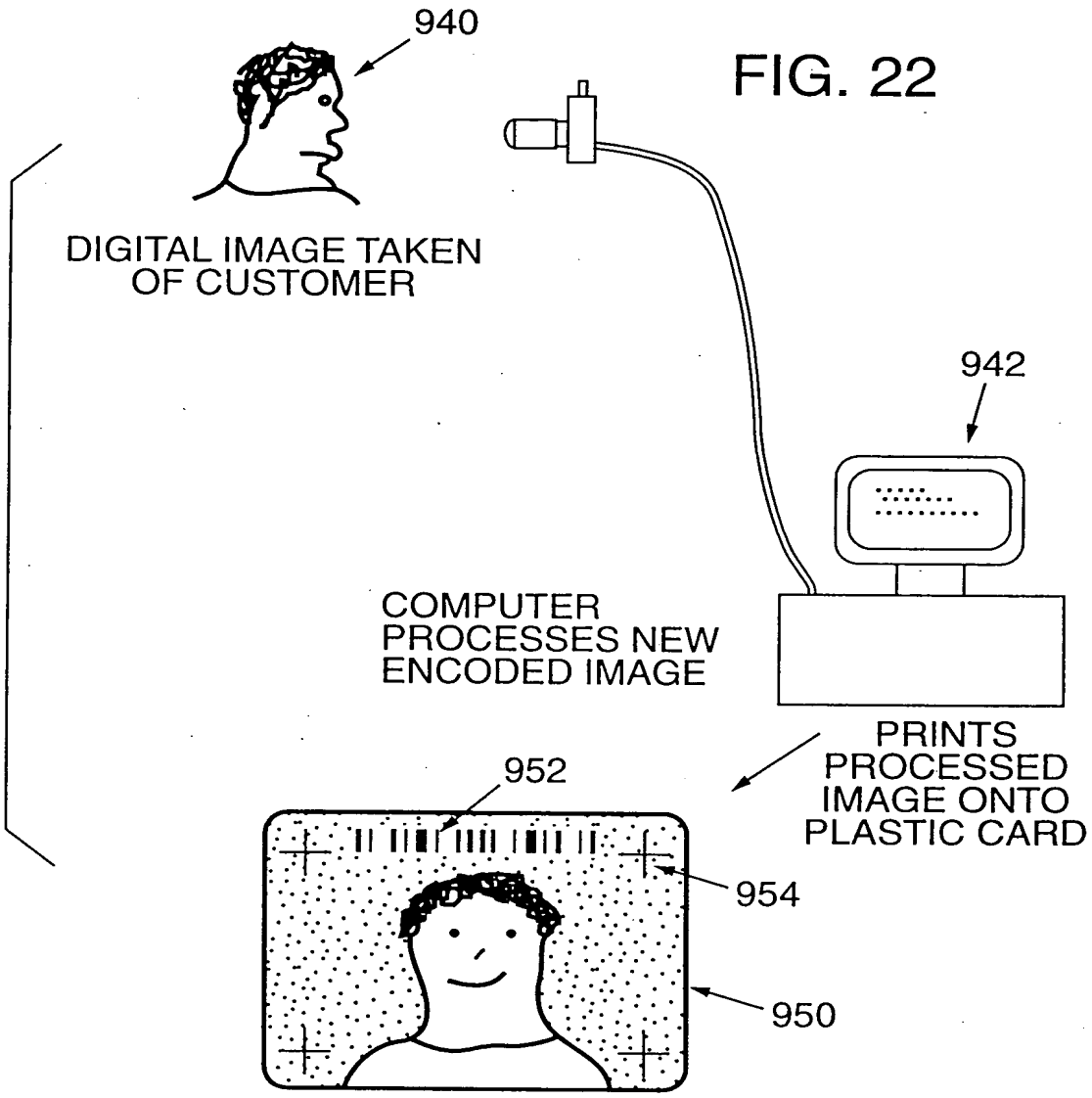
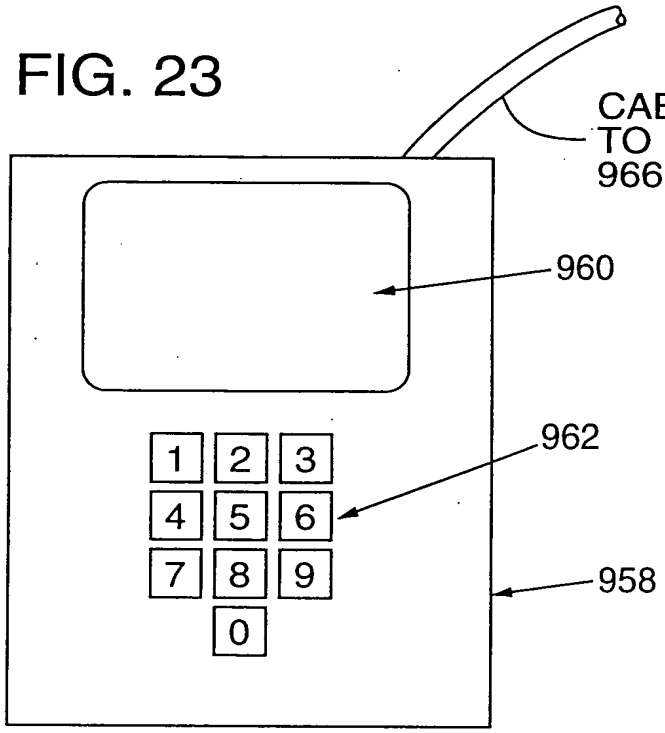


FIG. 22

FIG. 23



CONTAINS RUDIMENTARY OPTICAL SCANNER, MEMORY BUFFERS, COMMUNICATIONS DEVICES, AND MICROPROCESSOR

CONSUMER MERELY PLACES CARD INTO WINDOW AND CAN, AT THEIR PREARRANGED OPTION, EITHER TYPE IN A PERSONAL IDENTIFICATION NUMBER (PIN, FOR ADDED SECURITY) OR NOT. THE TRANSACTION IS APPROVED OR DISAPPROVED WITHIN SECONDS.

FIG. 24

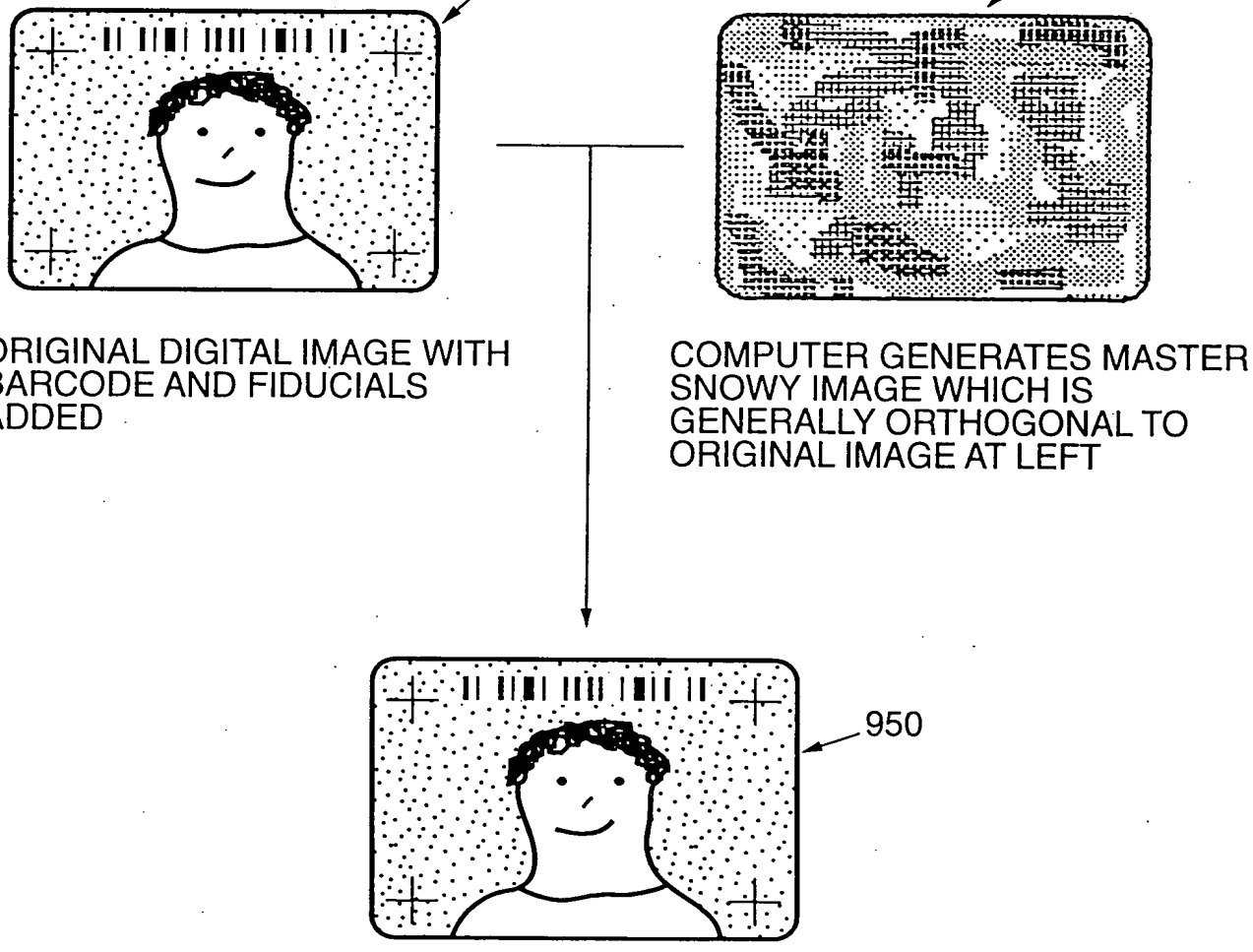
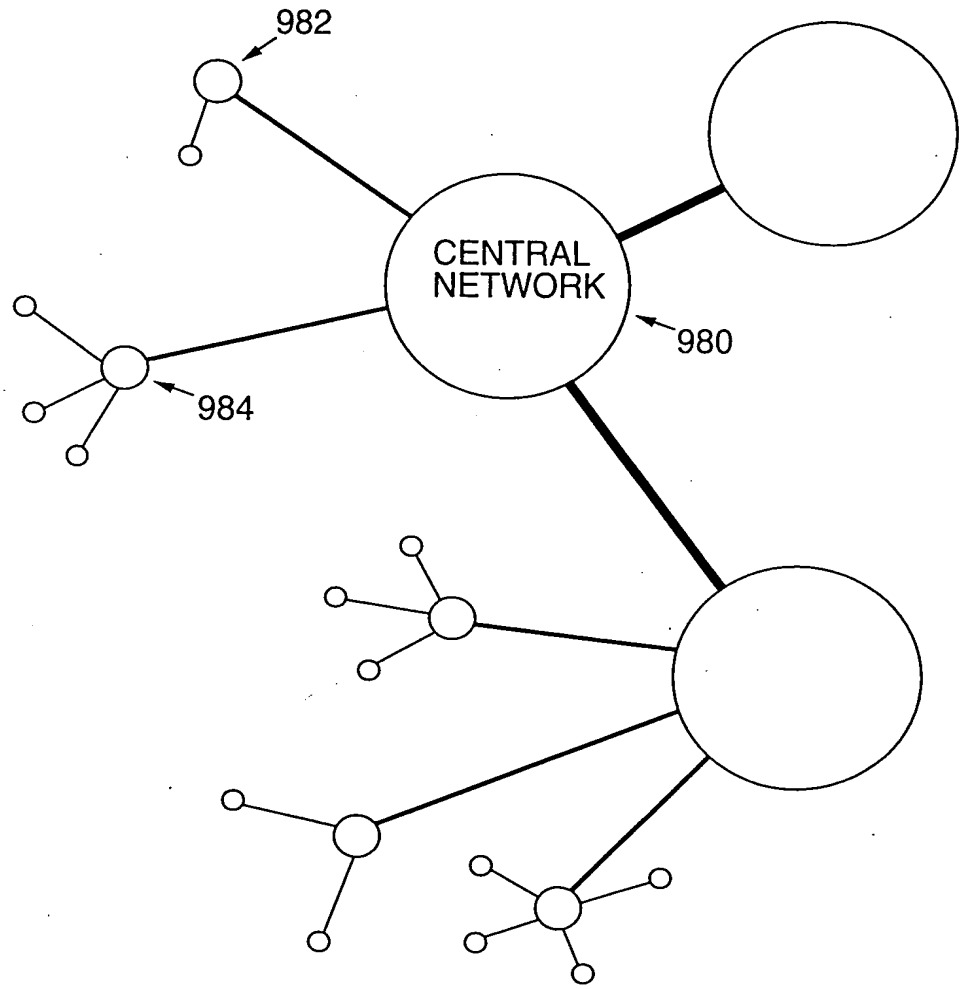


FIG. 25 TYPICAL TRANSACTION STEPS

1. READER SCANS IMAGE ON CARD, STORES IN MEMORY, EXTRACTS PERSON'S ID
2. OPTIONAL: USER KEYS IN PIN NUMBER
3. READER CALLS CENTRAL ACCOUNT DATA NETWORK, HANDSHAKES
4. READER SENDS ID, (PIN), MERCHANT INFORMATION, AND REQUESTED TRANSACTION AMOUNT TO CENTRAL NETWORK
5. CENTRAL NETWORK VERIFIES ID, PIN, MERCHANT INFO, AND ACCOUNT BALANCE
6. IF OK, CENTRAL NETWORK GENERATES TWENTY-FOUR SETS OF SIXTEEN DISTINCT RANDOM NUMBERS, WHERE THE RANDOM NUMBERS ARE INDEXES TO A SET OF 64K ORTHOGONAL SPATIAL PATTERNS
7. CENTRAL NETWORK TRANSMITS FIRST OK, AND THE SETS OF RANDOM NUMBERS
8. READER STEPS THROUGH THE TWENTY-FOUR SETS
   8A. READER ADDS TOGETHER SET OF ORTHOGONAL PATTERNS
   8B. READER PERFORMS DOT PRODUCT OF RESULTANT PATTERN AND CARD SCAN, STORES RESULT
9. READER TRANSMITS THE TWENTY-FOUR DOT PRODUCT RESULTS TO CENTRAL NETWORK
10. CENTRAL NETWORK CHECKS RESULTS AGAINST MASTER
11. CENTRAL NETWORK SENDS FINAL APPROVAL OR DENIAL
12. CENTRAL NETWORK DEBITS MERCHANT ACCOUNT, CREDITS CARD ACCOUNT

FIG. 26

THE NEGLIGIBLE-FRAUD CASH CARD SYSTEM



A BASIC FOUNDATION OF THE CASH CARD SYSTEM IS A 24-HOUR INFORMATION NETWORK, WHERE BOTH THE STATIONS WHICH CREATE THE PHYSICAL CASH CARDS, 950, AND THE POINT-OF-SALES, 984, ARE ALL HOOKED UP TO THE SAME NETWORK CONTINUOUSLY

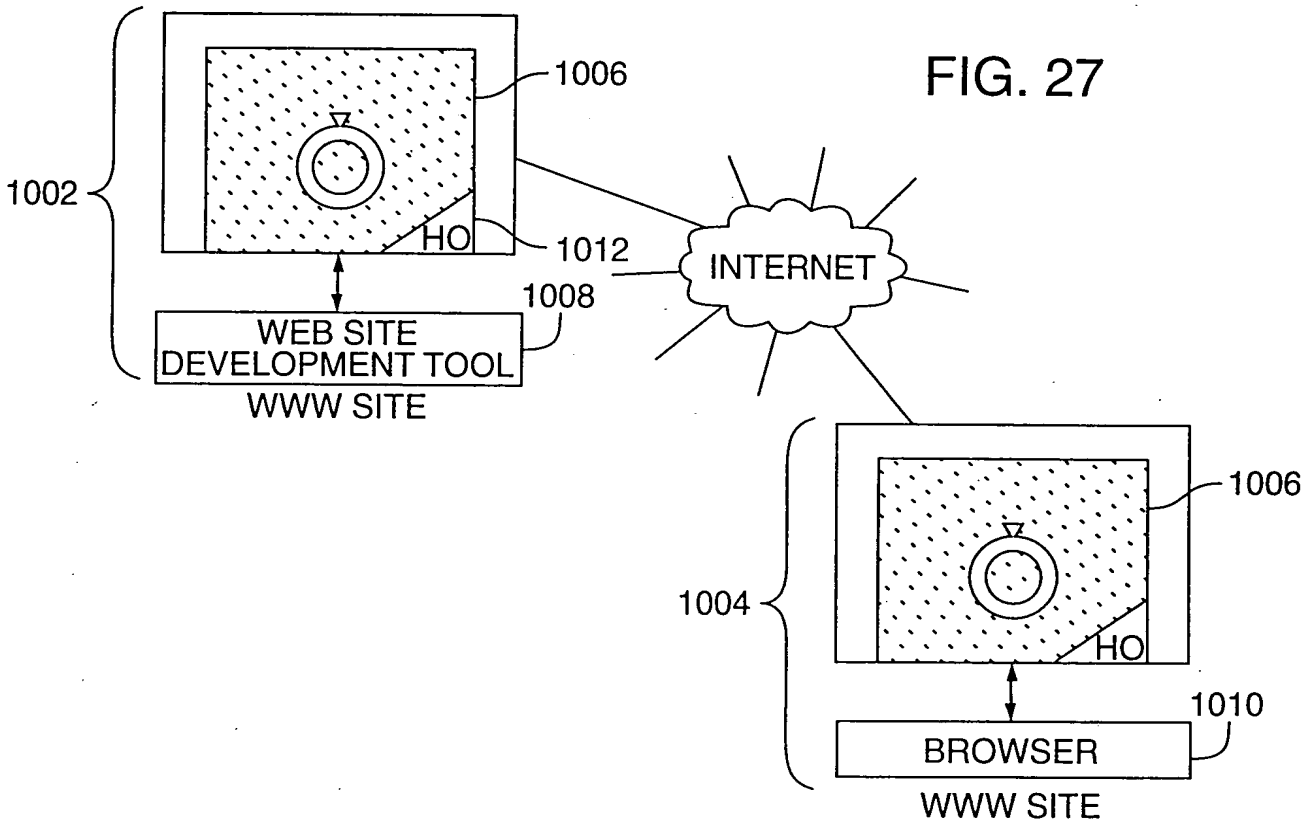


FIG. 27

FIG. 28

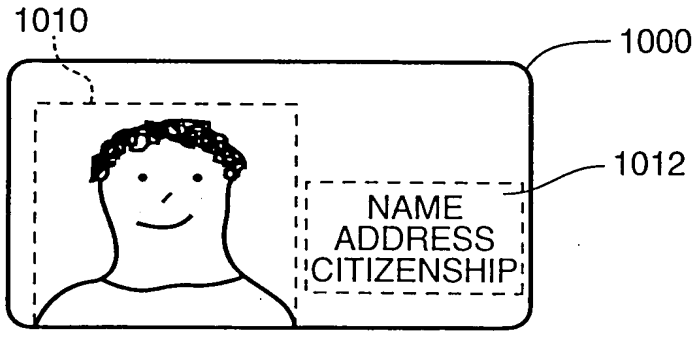
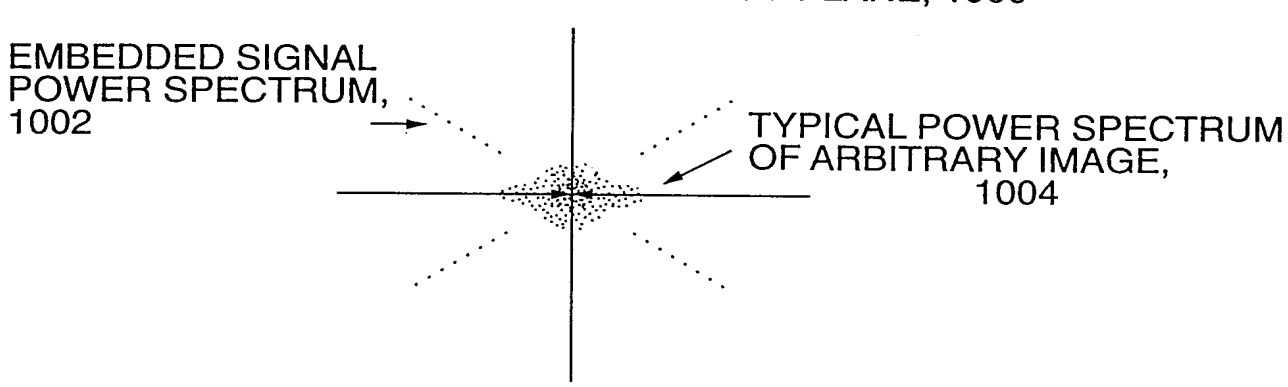
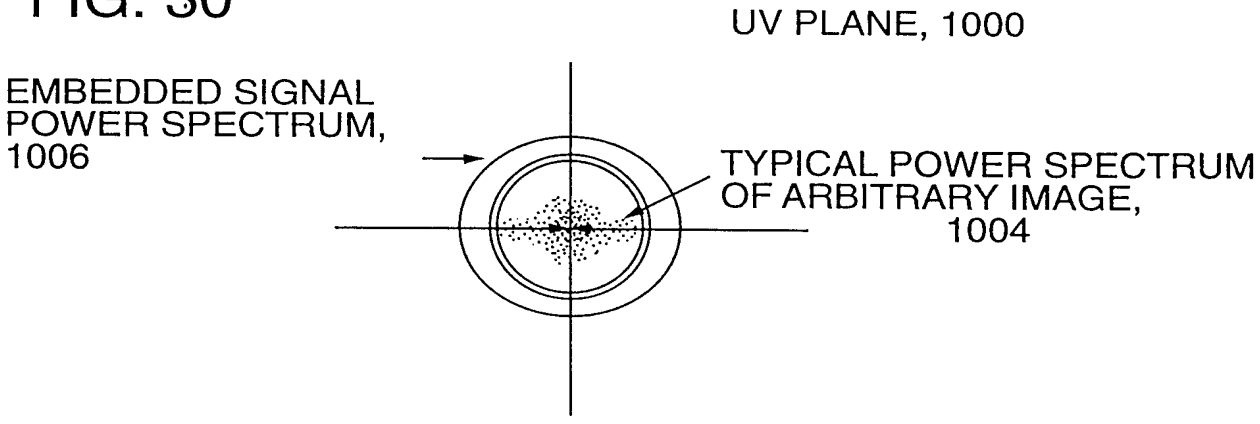


FIG. 29



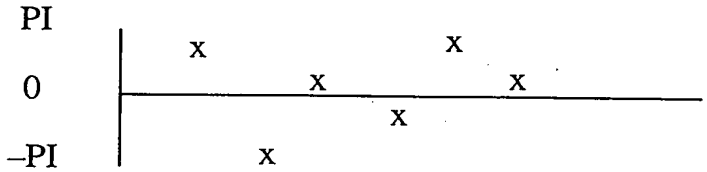
NON-HARMONIC SPATIAL FREQUENCIES ALONG THE 45 DEGREE AXES, GIVING RISE TO A WEAVE-LIKE CROSS-HATCHING PATTERN IN THE SPATIAL DOMAIN

FIG. 30



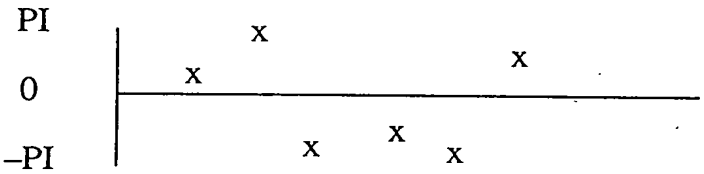
NON-HARMONIC CONCENTRIC CIRCLES IN UV PLANE, WHERE PHASE HOPS QUASI-RANDOMLY ALONG EACH CIRCLE, GIVING RISE TO PSEUDO RANDOM LOOKING PATTERNS IN THE SPATIAL DOMAIN

FIG. 31A



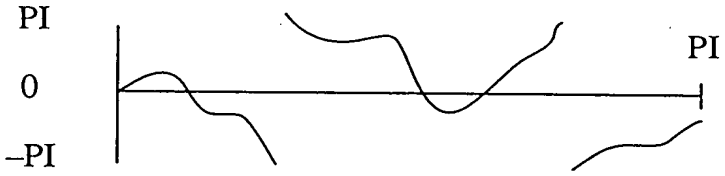
PHASE OF SPATIAL FREQUENCIES ALONG FORWARD 45 DEGREE AXES, 1008

FIG. 31B



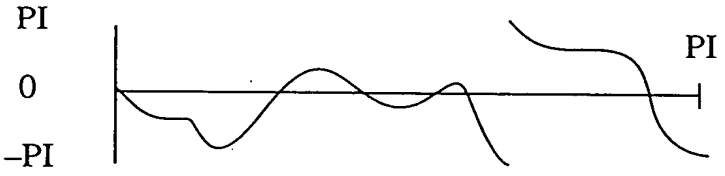
PHASE OF SPATIAL FREQUENCIES ALONG BACKWARD 45 DEGREE AXES, 1010

FIG. 32A



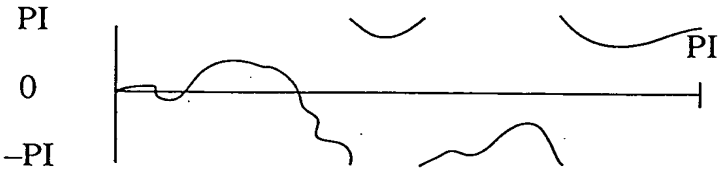
PHASE OF SPATIAL FREQUENCIES ALONG FIRST CONCENTRIC RING, 1012

FIG. 32B



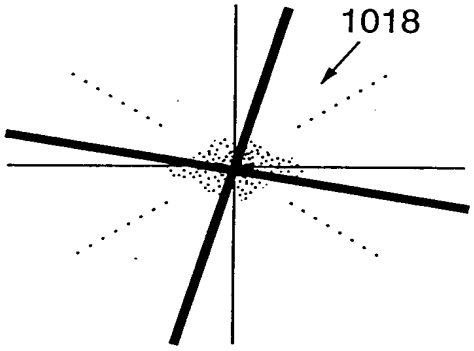
PHASE OF SPATIAL FREQUENCIES ALONG SECOND CONCENTRIC RING, 1014

FIG. 32C



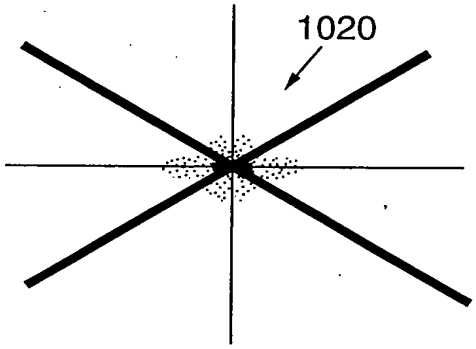
PHASE OF SPATIAL FREQUENCIES ALONG THIRD CONCENTRIC RING, 1016

FIG. 33A



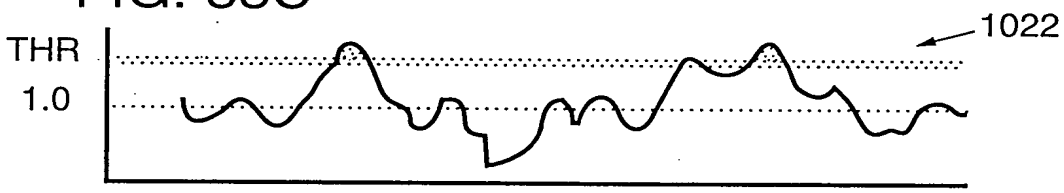
ANGLE A

FIG. 33B



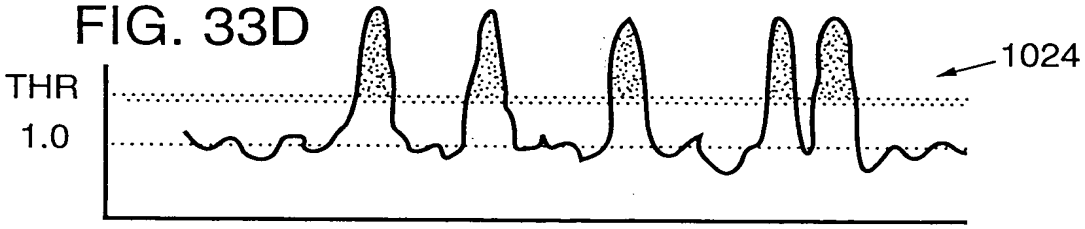
ANGLE B

FIG. 33C



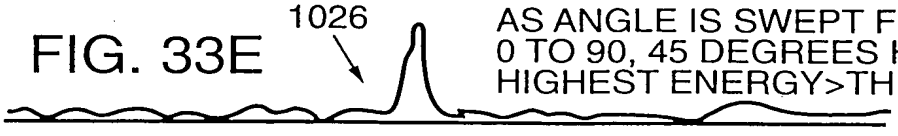
POWER PROFILE ALONG ANGLE A, AS NORMALIZED BY ITS OWN MOVING AVERAGE; ONLY A MINIMAL AMOUNT EXCEEDS THRESHOLD, GIVING A SMALL INTEGRATED VALUE

FIG. 33D



POWER PROFILE ALONG ANGLE B, AS NORMALIZED BY ITS OWN MOVING AVERAGE; THIS FINDS STRONG ENERGY ABOVE THE THRESHOLD

FIG. 33E



AS ANGLE IS SWEPT FROM 0 TO 90, 45 DEGREES HAS HIGHEST ENERGY>THREHOLD

0 DEGREES 45 DEGREES 90 DEGREES

FIG. 34A

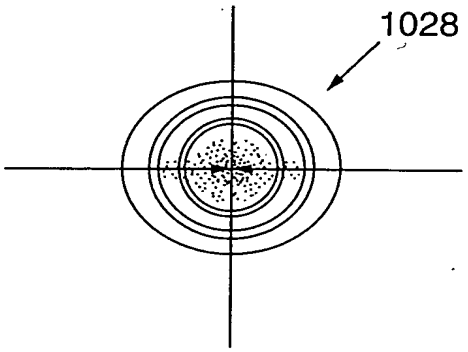


FIG. 34B

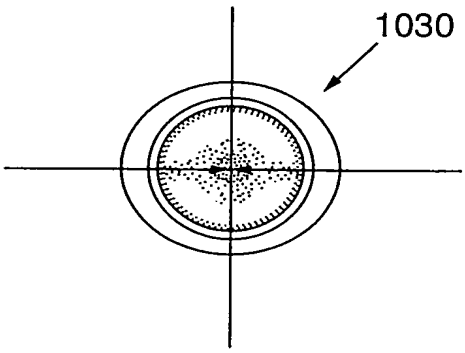


FIG. 34C

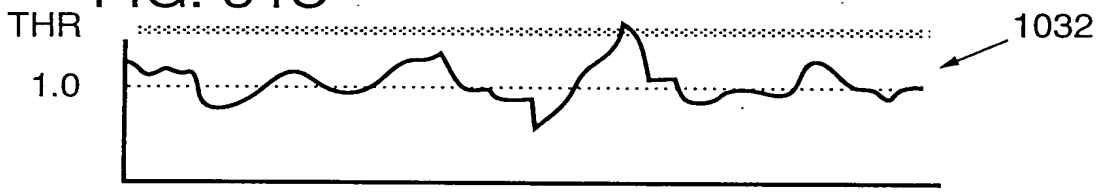


FIG. 34D

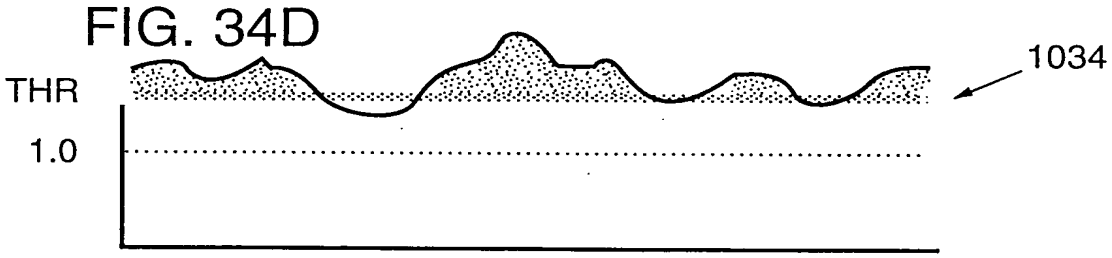


FIG. 34E

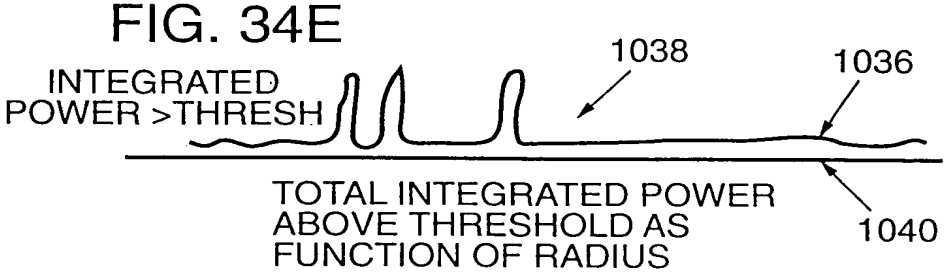
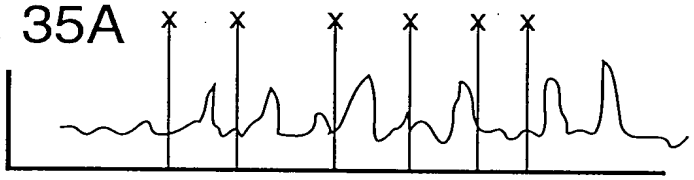
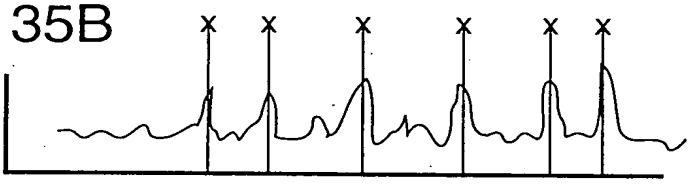


FIG. 35A



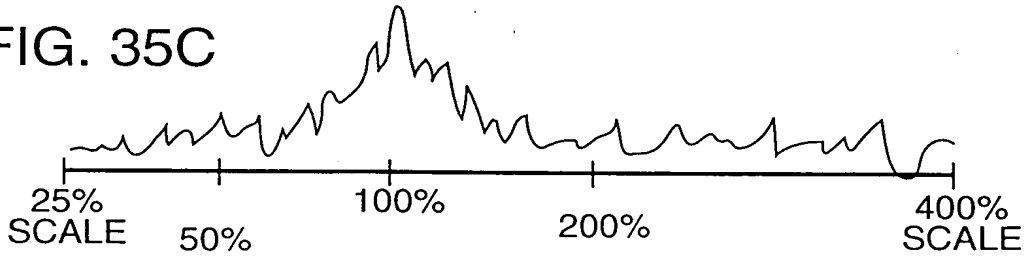
SCALE = A; ADD ALL POWER VALUES AT THE "KNOWN" FREQUENCIES", 1042

FIG. 35B



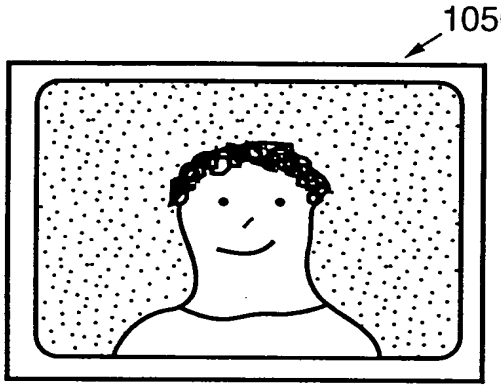
SCALE = B; ADD ALL POWER VALUES AT THE "KNOWN" FREQUENCIES", 1044

FIG. 35C



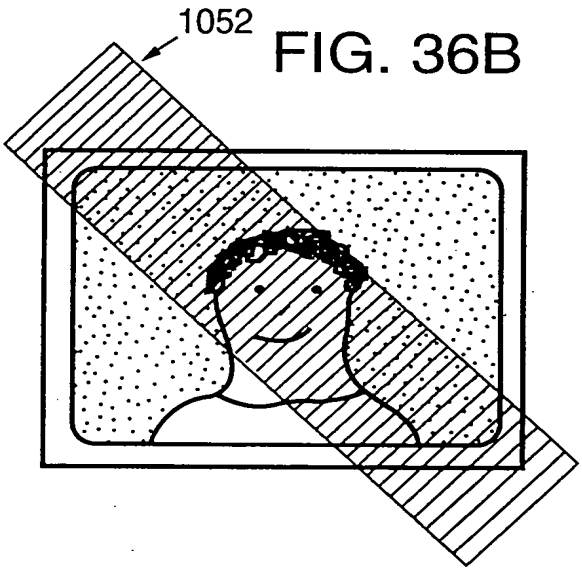
"SCALED-KERNEL" BASED MATCHED FILTER; PEAK IS WHERE THE SCALE OF THE SUBLIMINAL GRID WAS FOUND, 1046

FIG. 36A



ARBITRARY ORIGINAL IMAGE
IN WHICH SUBLIMINAL
GRATICULES MAY HAVE BEEN PLACED

FIG. 36B



"COLUMN SCAN"
IS APPLIED ALONG A
GIVEN ANGLE THROUGH
THE CENTER OF THE
IMAGE

FIG. 36C

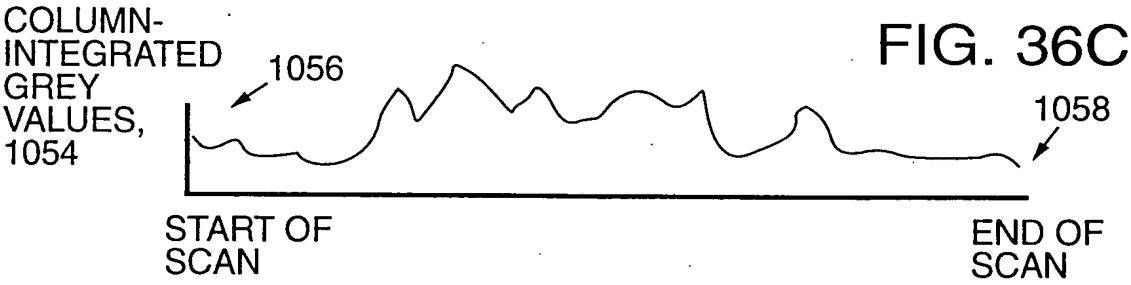
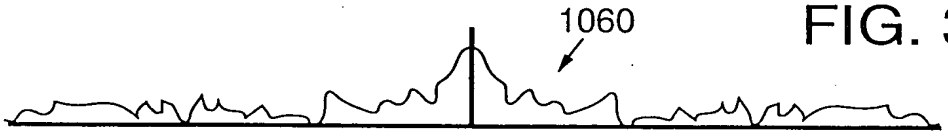


FIG. 36D



MAGNITUDE OF FOURIER TRANSFORM OF SCAN DATA

FIG. 37

PROCESS STEPS

1. SCAN IN PHOTOGRAPH
2. 2D FFT
3. GENERATE 2D POWER SPECTRUM, FILTER WITH E.G. 3X3 BLURRING KERNEL
4. STEP ANGLES FROM 0 DEGREES THROUGH 90 (1/2 DEG)
5. GENERATE NORMALIZED VECTOR, WITH POWER VALUE AS NUMERATOR, AND MOVING AVERAGED POWER VALUE AS DENOMINATOR
6. INTEGRATE VALUES AS SOME THRESHOLD, GIVING A SINGLE INTEGRATED VALUE FOR THIS ANGLE
7. END STEP ON ANGLES
8. FIND TOP ONE OR TWO OR THREE "PEAKS" FROM THE ANGLES IN LOOP 4, THEN FOR EACH PEAK...
9. STEP SCALE FROM 25% TO 400%, STEP ~1.01
10. ADD THE NORMALIZED POWER VALUES CORRESPONDING TO THE 'N' SCALED FREQUENCIES OF STANDARD
11. KEEP TRACK OF HIGHEST VALUE IN LOOP
12. END LOOP 9 AND 8, DETERMINE HIGHEST VALUE
13. ROTATION AND SCALE NOW FOUND
14. PERFORM TRADITIONAL MATCHED FILTER TO FIND EXACT SPATIAL OFFSET
15. PERFORM ANY "FINE TUNING" TO PRECISELY DETERMINE ROTATION, SCALE, OFFSET